UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/607,551	06/27/2003	Choong Jae Lee	DPO-0005	7421
34610 KED & ASSO	7590 05/15/200° CIATES LLP	EXAMINER		
P.O. Box 221200			GESESSE, TILAHUN	
Chantilly, VA 20153-1200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2618	
		·		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
•			05/15/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

•		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/607,551	LEE, CHOONG JAE			
	Cinco Action Callinary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication and	Tilahun B. Gesessse	2618			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet wi	to the correspondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1.5 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period varie to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNION (36(a). In no event, however, may a rewritten apply and will expire SIX (6) MON, cause the application to become AB	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		•				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 Fe	ebruary 2007				
	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) 1-21 and 23-31 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-8,16-21,24-28 and 31 is/are rejected Claim(s) 9-15,29 and 30 is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicated any not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) cobjected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyan ion is required if the drawing(nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) <u> </u> a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Aprity documents have been u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachmo-	Hs)					
Attachmen 1) ⊠ Notic	τ(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview S	Summary (PTO-413)			
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s	s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application			
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	* *			

Application/Control Number: 10/607,551 Page 2

Art Unit: 2618

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-8,16-21,24-28,31 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8,16-21,24-28 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suso et al "Suso"(US 6,069,649) in view of Kim (US 6,999,802).

Claims 1,25-26, Suso teaches a mobile terminal, (see figure 1 and abstract) comprising:

Suso teaches a body part and a folder part (see items #1 and #2 fig.1).

Suso teaches a hinge part (see item #3 of fig. 1) provided where the body part (1) and the folder part (2) meet where the folder part is configured to rotate about an axis (fig.4) of rotation disposed along the hinge part to rotate between a first (see fig. 1) and a second position (see fig. 5) relative to the body part (col. 3 line 28-col.4, line 60 and figures 1, 4-5).

Suso teaches a camera, (9) wherein the camera at the hinge of the mobile terminal when the folder part is in the first position (column 2, line 60-column 3, line 45 and figures 1-2) and wherein the camera is inserted within the mobile terminal when the folder part is in these second position (see column 3 line 66-coolumn 4, line 4 and figures 3a and 5a).

Suso does not expressly teach camera is configured to move protrude longitudinally along the axis of the mobile terminal.

However, Kim teaches a camera is configured to move protrudes longitudinally direction along the axis of the mobile terminal (see abstract and col. 4, lines 46-51 and fig.2).

Both Suso and Kim teach mobile terminals with camera on the hinge, then it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary to modify park mobile terminal with camera on hinge to move longitudinally along the axis of rotation to extend outwardly, as evidence by Kim, in order to zoom out of the storage and user takes a snap shot picture at an angle of user focuses.

Claims 2-4. Suso teaches a camera installing part (3) configure to install the Camera in the mobile terminal (see figure 1).

Suso does not teach the camera is configured to extend of the camera (the lens housing includes a camera lens assembly and an opening through which a lens of the camera lens assembly is exposed to the outside. However, , Kim teaches a camera is configured to move protrudes longitudinally direction along the axis of the mobile terminal (see abstract and col. 4, lines 46-51 and fig.2). Therefore, it would have

Art Unit: 2618

been obvious to an artisan of ordinary to modify park mobile terminal with camera on hinge to move longitudinally along the axis of rotation to extend outwardly, as evidence by Kim, in order to zoom out of the storage and user takes a snap shot picture at an angle of user focuses.

Claim 5, Suso teaches a camera case provided adjacent the hinge part (see figure 1) in which camera is located on the hinge part.(see fig.1 part of 9 and figure 2).

Claim 6, Suso teaches a camera module having a lens and an electronic circuit inserted therein (column 3 line3-9 and figure 1 and abstract).

Suso teaches camera module, wherein the camera module moves when the folder part moves (see column 3, lines 28-45 and figure 2).

Claims 7-8. Suso teaches the camera module is coupled with the camera shaft and the camera module rotates about the camera shaft (see column 3, lines 28-45 and figure 2 and 5) in which camera arrow shows that the camera moves outwardly, then, it is inherent that the camera shift moves outwardly upon the hinge open or close the upper and lower part of the mobile device.

Claim 16. Suso teaches a camera case formed next to the hinge part (see figure 1).

Claims 17-19,21,27-28. Suso teaches a mobile terminal, (see figure 1 and abstract) comprising:

Suso teaches a body part and a folder part (see items #1 and #2 fig.1).

Suso teaches a hinge part (see item #3 of fig. 1) provided where the body part

(1) and the folder part (2) meet where the folder part is configured to rotate about an axis (fig.4) of rotation disposed along the hinge part to rotate between a first (see fig. 1) and a second position (see fig. 5) relative to the body part (col. 3 line 28-col.4, line 60 and figures 1, 4-5).

Suso teaches a camera, (9) wherein the camera at the hinge of the mobile terminal when the folder part is in the first position (column 2, line 60-column 3, line 45 and figures 1-2) and wherein the camera is inserted within the mobile terminal when the folder part is in these second position (see column 3 line 66-coolumn 4, line 4 and figures 3a and 5a).

Suso does not expressly teach camera is configured to move protrude longitudinally along the axis of the mobile terminal.

However, Kim teaches a camera is configured to move protrudes longitudinally direction along the axis of the mobile terminal (see abstract and col. 4, lines 46-51 and fig.2).

Both Suso and Kim teach mobile terminals with camera on the hinge, then it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary to modify park mobile terminal with camera on hinge to move longitudinally along the axis of rotation to extend outwardly, as evidence by Kim, in order to zoom out of the storage and user takes a snap shot picture at an angle of user focuses.

Art Unit: 2618

Claim 20, Tatehama teaches the first predetermined angle is greater than the second predetermined angle (column 2, lines 14-23).

Claims 24,31 Suso teaches a mobile terminal, (see figure 1 and abstract) comprising:

Suso teaches a body part and a folder part (see items #1 and #2 fig.1).

Suso teaches a hinge part (see item #3 of fig. 1) provided where the body part (1) and the folder part (2) meet where the folder part is configured to rotate about an axis (fig.4) of rotation disposed along the hinge part to rotate between a first (see fig. 1) and a second position (see fig. 5) relative to the body part (col. 3 line 28-col.4, line 60 and figures 1, 4-5).

Suso teaches a camera, (9) wherein the camera at the hinge of the mobile terminal when the folder part is in the first position (column 2, line 60-column 3, line 45 and figures 1-2) and wherein the camera is inserted within the mobile terminal when the folder part is in these second position (see column 3 line 66-coolumn 4, line 4 and figures 3a and 5a).

Suso does not expressly teach camera is configured to move protrude longitudinally along the axis of the mobile terminal.

However, Kim teaches a camera is configured to move protrudes longitudinally direction along the axis of the mobile terminal (see abstract and col. 4, lines 46-51 and fig.2).

Art Unit: 2618

Both Suso and Kim teach mobile terminals with camera on the hinge, then it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary to modify park mobile terminal with camera on hinge to move longitudinally along the axis of rotation to extend outwardly, as evidence by Kim, in order to zoom out of the storage and user takes a snap shot picture at an angle of user focuses.

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 9-15,23,29-30 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Choi (US 6975,273) teaches mobile terminal that flips and camera installed (see column 1, lines 43-62).

Chang (US 7,133,691) teaches camera module (See column 2, lines 14-23).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tilahun B Gesesse whose telephone number is 571-272-7879. The examiner can normally be reached on flexible schedule.

Application/Control Number: 10/607,551

Art Unit: 2618

Page 8

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Urban can be reached on 571-272-7899.

The Central FAX Number is 571-273-8300. For patent related correspondence, hand carry deliveries must be made to the Customer Service Window (now located at the Randolph Building, 401 Dulany Street, Alexandria, VA 22314), and facsimile transmissions must be sent to the Central FAX number.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

TG

May 1, 2007

TILAHUN GESESSE PRIMARY EXAMINER